NSW Pet Registry



Pet registration R2

Pet owners can use this form to register their cat or dog on the NSW Pet Registry as required under the *Companion Animals Act 1998*. Please submit it to your local NSW council and pay the registration fee. Alternatively, you can create a NSW Pet Registry profile and register online at petregistry.olg.nsw.gov.au.

You must be over 18 years of age to legally own a cat or dog in NSW. All pet cats and dogs in NSW must be registered on the NSW Pet Registry either by 12 weeks of age or immediately upon transfer (whichever happens first).

Some owners can claim a reduced registration fee. If you or your pet fit into any of the categories below, read the information about this form to confirm your eligibility.

- Pensioner
- · Assistance animal
- Working dog
- Registered racing greyhound
- Approved rehoming organisation

Please fill out this form in blue or black ink and in BLOCK LETTERS.

Pet details									
Microchip number									
Species	Dog 🔘	Cat O	Sex	Male Female					
Breed	Pet name								
Owner details									
Legal surname	Legal first name								
Mobile number	Email								
Owner signature			Date						
I verify that the information provided on this form is correct. I understand that providing information that is false or misleading is an offence under the <i>Companion Animals Act 1998</i> .									

Registration type						
Dog		\bigcirc				
Cat		0				
Dog (eligible pensioner)		0				
Cat (eligible pensioner)		0				
Assistance animal		0				
Working dog		\bigcirc				
Recognised breeding animal		\bigcirc				
Exempt racing greyhound		\bigcirc				
Service of the State		\bigcirc				
Approved rehoming organisation		\bigcirc				
For council use only Is this pet declared in the categories below? Dangerous dog	Yes	0	No ()			
Restricted dog	Yes	0	No O			
Menacing dog	Yes	0	No O			
Nuisance cat or dog	Yes	0	No O			
Fee paid						
Registration fee \$		Late fee	\$			
Receipt number	Date of receipt					
Council issuing registration						
Signature/stamp of council registration offic	er					
Date processed						

Information for owners

Desexing pets

You must pay an additional fee if you don't desex dogs by 6 months of age.

You must pay an annual permit fee if you don't desex cats by 4 months of age (cats born before 22 July 2020 are exempt).

A vet can recommend a temporary or permanent desexing exemption for medical reasons. They can update the desex status online or provide you with a Certificate of Desexing for you to give to your local council.

Learn more about what's required for a desexing exemption at <u>petregistry.olg.nsw.gov.au/owners/desexa-pet</u>.

Additional documentation

When you submit this form to council, you should also provide a copy of your pet's Certificate of Identification.

Eligibility for a reduced registration fee

If you or your pet fit into the categories below, you must provide the listed proof to council to receive a reduced registration fee.

- Pensioner: current pensioner concession card or Department of Veteran Affairs (DVA) card.
- Assistance animal: accreditation that the animal is trained, or is being trained, to help a person with disability and meets standards of hygiene and behaviour appropriate for an animal in a public place.
- Registered racing greyhound: proof of registration under the Greyhound Racing Act 2009.
- Working dog: evidence that the dog is primarily used for the droving, tending, working or protecting stock (or is being trained to do so).
- Approved rehoming organisations: the completed Change of owner (C3B) form given to you by the rehoming organisation, a desexing certificate or confirmation of desexing and the adoption contract.

Information for breeders

All pet cats and dogs in NSW must be registered on the NSW Pet Registry either by 12 weeks of age or immediately upon transfer (whichever happens first). If the animals are still in your ownership at 12 weeks of age, you must pay the registration fee.

Registering recognised breeding animals

To avoid an additional fee or annual permit fee for not desexing your breeding animals, you must prove they are recognised breeding animals. You can do this by giving council the following documentation:

- proof of current membership as a breeder member of a recognised breeder body
- verification that the animal is of a breed accepted by the recognised breeder body
- a signed statement by the member that the animal is kept for breeding purposes.